ME 40 Spring 2021 Midterm 2

You are to evaluate a Brayton cycle.

A simple gas turbine provides 100 MW to an electric generator. The minimum temperature in the cycle is 27 °C, and the maximum temperature is 1327 °C. The lowest pressure in the cycle is 100 kPa, and the compressor pressure ratio is 14 to 1. The compressor actual outlet temperature is 425 °C. Assume turbine efficiency of 88%. Assume the environment temperature is 17 °C. You may use constant specific heat except where it is explicitly asked that you account for variations in specific heat i.e., item (f).

- Note the difference between power supplied to the electric generator given above in MW, and mass specific work asked for in the questions below.
- Some questions rely on answers from prior sections. If you do not know or do not trust your answers, use symbols, and keep working.
- Point rubric is indicated in parenthesis. Points in bold indicate questions where more detail is better if it is relevant.
- Show your work. This is a factor in assigning points.

You may make rough estimates of properties in the tables that need interpolation.

- a) (10) Draw and label the components of the cycle and its path on state diagrams.
- b) (10) Calculate the work and heat for the actual and isentropic compression processes.
- c) (10) Calculate the compressor efficiency.
- d) (5) Calculate the entropy generated in the polytropic process.
- e) (5) Calculate the polytropic exponent.
- f) (10) Calculate the entropy change of the fluid in the combustor using variable specific heat.
- g) (5) Calculate the entropy generation in the heat addition process assuming there is a high, constant temperature reservoir at 1600 °C. You may round to the nearest value in the tables.
- h) (5) Calculate the actual mass specific work of the turbine.
- i) (5) Calculate the mass flow rate through the turbine.
- j) (5) Calculate the efficiency of the cycle for the case with an isentropic and actual compressor.
- k) (10) Provide an explanation for the difference in efficiency between the two processes?
- I) (10) Would it make sense to install an intercooling process for the compression stage, why or why not? If not, why do we talk about intercooling for compressors?
- m) (10) List ways the efficiency of this cycle be improved and discuss the factors limiting the use of these improvements.