

Physics 7C, Fall 2000, Section 1  
Instructor: Adrian Lee

First Midterm Examination, Monday October 2

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

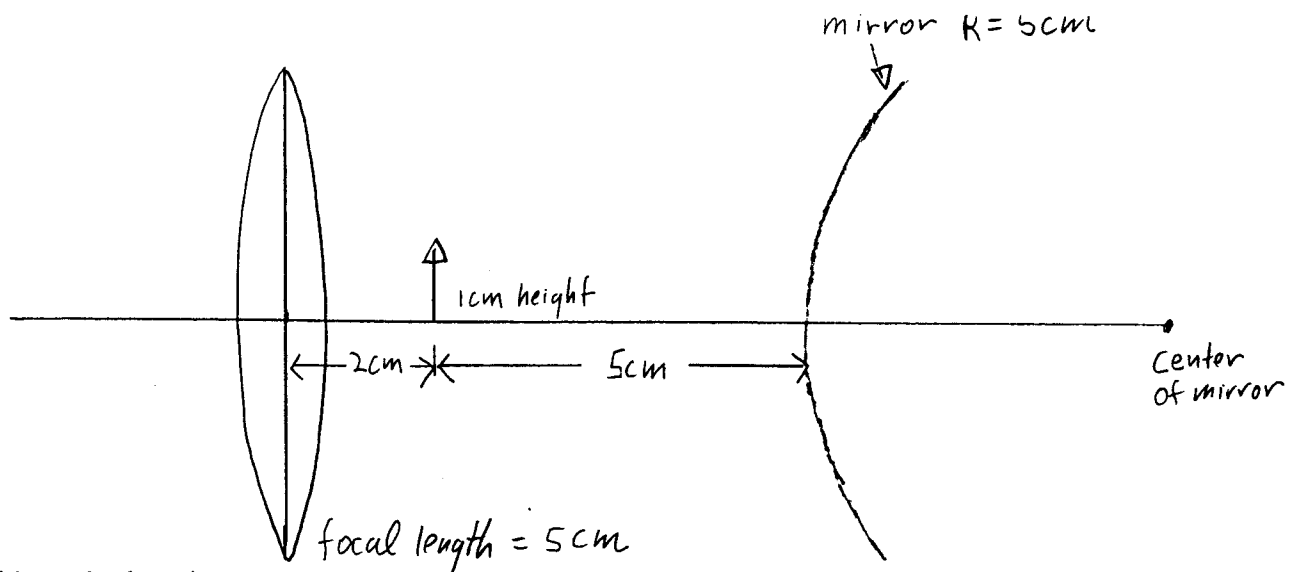
Student ID: \_\_\_\_\_

Discussion Section Number/Time/TA: \_\_\_\_\_

Please write on the paper provided. You can write on both sides of the page. You may use one 8.5" x 11" sheet of double-sided notes.

|                    | Score |
|--------------------|-------|
| Problem 1 (40 pts) |       |
| Problem 2 (40 pts) |       |
| Problem 3 (40 pts) |       |
| <b>Total</b>       |       |

1)



Consider only the mirror

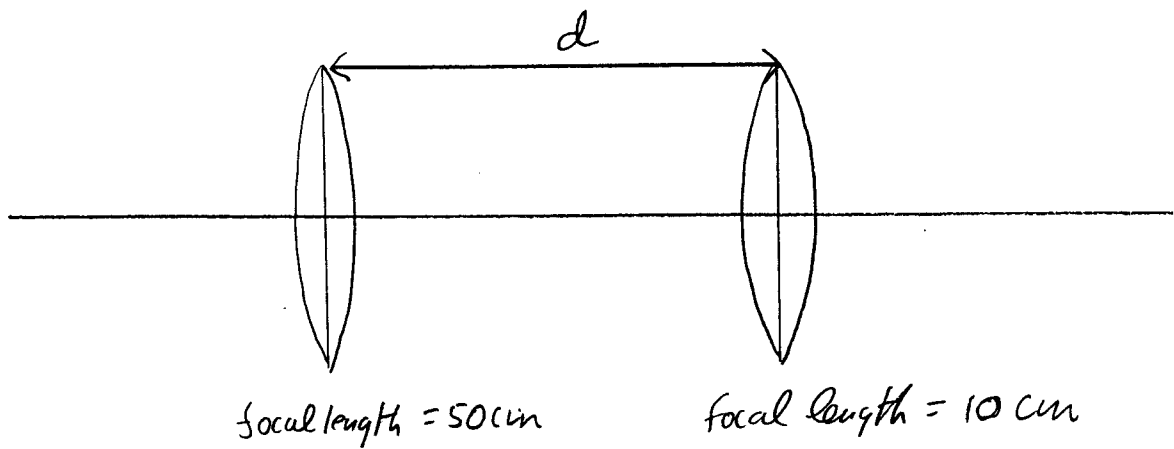
- Do a ray tracing. Is the image real or virtual? (10 pts)
- What is the image distance  $i$ ? (5 pts)
- What is the image height? (5 pts)

Consider the lens and the mirror. All questions refer to light that reflects from the mirror once and is refracted by the lens once.

- Do a ray tracing. Is the image real or virtual? (10 pts)
- What is the image distance  $i$ ? (referred to lens) (5 pts)
- What are  $r_1$  and  $r_2$  for the lens? ( $|r_1| = |r_2|$ ) (5 pts)

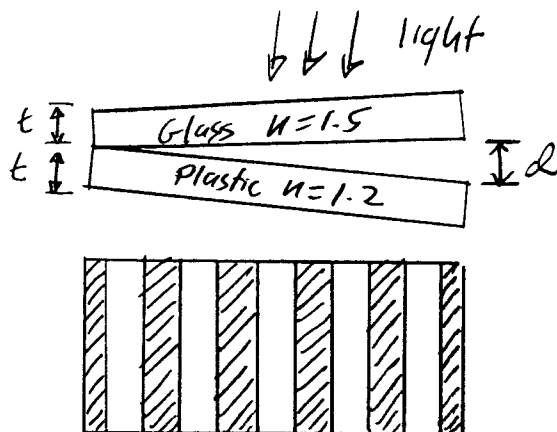


2)



- Draw a ray diagram for an object at infinity to the left and the final image at infinity to the right (suitable for the eye) (10 pts)
- What is  $d$ ? (10 pts)
- Derive the angular magnification of the system. (10 pts)
- If the eyepiece was replaced with a concave lens with focal length = -10 cm, what does  $d$  have to be to have the resulting final image at infinity? (a ray diagram may help) (10 pts)

3)



$(t \gg d)$   
ignore thickness  
of Glass and  
Plastic

- a) A flat piece of glass with  $n = 1.5$  is placed over a flat piece of plastic with  $n = 1.2$ . They touch at the left edge and are separated by  $d$  on the right edge. Light with wavelength  $600 \text{ nm}$  is incident normally from above. Given the drawing of the dark fringes above, what is the value for  $d$ ? (25 pts)
- b) If the gap is filled with water with  $n = 1.33$ , how many dark fringes appear? (15 pts)